

11P/281/26

Question Booklet No. 492

(To be filled up by the candidate by blue/black ball-point pen)

Roll No.

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Roll No.

(Write the digits in words) .....

Serial No. of OMR Answer Sheet .....

Day and Date .....

(Signature of Invigilator)

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall *except the Admit Card without its envelope*.
3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. *It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.*
4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
5. **On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.**
6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
7. Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. *For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.*
9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
10. *Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed.* If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
12. Deposit *only the OMR Answer Sheet* at the end of the Test.
13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

**No. of Questions/प्रश्नों की संख्या : 100**

**Time/समय : 2 Hours/घण्टे**

**Full Marks/पूर्णांक : 300**

**Note/नोट :** (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries **3 marks**. **One** mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.

अधिकाधिक प्रश्नों को हल करने का प्रयत्न करें। प्रत्येक प्रश्न **3** अंक का है। प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए एक अंक काटा जाएगा। प्रत्येक अनुत्तरित प्रश्न का प्राप्तांक शून्य होगा।

(2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.

यदि एकाधिक वैकल्पिक उत्तर सही उत्तर के निकट प्रतीत हों, तो निकटतम सही उत्तर दें।

**Directions :** Question No. 1 to 20 : Choose the right answers.

1. According to Tendulkar Committee, proportion of India's population below poverty line is

- (1) 37.2%                      (2) 35.8%                      (3) 27.5%                      (4) 77%

2. According to the Global Competitive Report, India was ranked during 2009-10 at

- (1) 50                              (2) 40                              (3) 49                              (4) 55

3. In which calendar year were FII inflows in India highest in dollar terms?  
(1) 2007                      (2) 2008                      (3) 2009                      (4) 2010
4. Largest steel company in private sector in India at present is  
(1) Tata Steel                      (2) JSW Steel  
(3) Bhushan Steel                      (4) Ispat Industries
5. Biggest IT Company in India at present is  
(1) Infosys                      (2) Wipro  
(3) TCS                      (4) HCL Technologies
6. Which country is the second largest world economy at present?  
(1) USA                      (2) China                      (3) Japan                      (4) Russia
7. From which country sub-prime crisis is originated?  
(1) UK                      (2) India                      (3) Germany                      (4) USA
8. What is the current share of manufacturing sector in India's national income?  
(1) 16%                      (2) 28%                      (3) 35%                      (4) 40%
9. Which State has attracted top second domestic investment destination during April-September, 2010 ?  
(1) UP                      (2) Karnataka                      (3) Maharashtra                      (4) Gujarat

10. In which of the following fields has the Cooperative Movement in India achieved a perceptible success?
- (1) Banking Sector (2) Cotton Production  
(3) Textile Sector (4) Milk Production
11. In what connection has Julian Assange been in news in recent months across the globe?
- (1) Commonwealth Games (2) 2G Spectrum Allocation  
(3) Wikileaks (4) Taped Telephonic Conversations
12. Which public sector bank is the best in asset quality?
- (1) Andhra Bank (2) SBI (3) PNB (4) Bank of Baroda
13. Indra Novyi, Chairperson of Pepsi Co, postgraduated in management from
- (1) IIM, Ahmedabad (2) IIM, Bangalore  
(3) IIM, Lucknow (4) IIM, Calcutta
14. Management Guru Late Prof. C. K. Prahalad graduated in
- (1) Physics (2) Commerce (3) Management (4) IT
15. Which one of the following is a very well-known in the field of banking in India?
- (1) Mr. Arun Jaitley (2) Dr. Subba Rao  
(3) Ms Meira Kumar (4) Kiran Majumdar Shaw

16. Who amongst the following is the author of the book (released recently) *India and Global Financial Crisis : Managing Money and Finance* ?
- (1) Dr. Bimal Jalan (2) Dr. C. Rangarajan  
(3) Dr. Manmohan Singh (4) Dr. Y. V. Reddy
17. Who is the first Indian to become Dean of Harvard Business School?
- (1) Dr. Ram Charan (2) Prof. Nitin Nohria  
(3) Prof. Tarun Khanna (4) Prof. Vijay Govindarajan
18. Who amongst the following is the winner of Dadasaheb Phalke Award given in April, 2009 ?
- (1) Manoj Kumar (2) Rajesh Khanna  
(3) Jaya Bachchan (4) Jitendra
19. Which of the following is the short form of the Indian Space Shuttle which puts various satellites into orbit?
- (1) RISAT (2) PSLV (3) ANUSAT (4) ISRO
20. The telecom industry of which of the following countries made a world record by adding about 16 million subscribers in just one month (March, 2009) ?
- (1) China (2) India (3) South Africa (4) Iran

**Directions :** Question No. 21 to 24 : Pick out the word from the alternatives that is similar in meaning of the given key word.

21. Garrulous

- (1) Parasite (2) Talkative (3) Eccentric (4) Stoic





**35.** At an arm's length

- |                        |               |
|------------------------|---------------|
| (1) At a distance      | (2) Very near |
| (3) The length of arms | (4) Close     |

**Directions :** Question No. **36** to **40** : Following are incomplete statements followed by four possible alternative choices. Choose the most appropriate alternative to complete the statement.

**36.** Burns caused by steam are more severe than those caused by boiling water because

- (1) steam pierces through the skin quickly
- (2) the temperature of steam is higher than that of boiling water
- (3) steam is gas and penetrates the body rapidly
- (4) steam has latent heat which is not present in boiling water

**37.** Railway lines are made of steel because

- (1) steel is not flexible
- (2) steel does not rust
- (3) steel is strong enough to withstand the weight of carriages
- (4) steel is comparatively cheaper

**38.** Snow is white because

- (1) it absorbs all the seven colours
- (2) it is transparent
- (3) it passes through atmosphere, which has no colour
- (4) it scatters light and causes diffused reflection which produces sensation of whiteness



**39.** Plants grow upwards because

- (1) the roots grow downwards                      (2) they have to be erect  
(3) They need sunlight                                (4) they need air

**40.** A stick when immersed in water seems bent because

- (1) moisture makes the stick bend  
(2) we cannot see the immersed portion clearly  
(3) rays of light deflect when passing from one medium to another  
(4) None of the above

**Directions :** Question No. 41 to 45. : Following statements have been made by eminent persons followed by four alternative names. Choose the correct name.

**41.** Who said, "Some men are born great, some achieve greatness and some have greatness thrust upon them" ?

- (1) George Bernard Shaw                              (2) William Shakespeare  
(3) Bertrand Russell                                    (4) William Wordsworth

**42.** Who said, "Brevity is the soul of wit" ?

- (1) Charles Dickens                                    (2) John Milton  
(3) Victor Hugo                                         (4) William Shakespeare

**43.** Who said, "I have nothing to offer but blood, toil, tears and sweat" ?

- (1) Subhash Chandra Bose                              (2) Jawaharlal Nehru  
(3) Winston Churchill                                    (4) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

44. Who said, "The only thing one never regrets is one's mistakes" ?

- |                    |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Oscar Wilde    | (2) George Bernard Shaw |
| (3) Mahatma Gandhi | (4) Samuel Johnson      |

45. Who said, "Frailty, thy name is woman" ?

- |                         |                     |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| (1) William Shakespeare | (2) Thomas Hardy    |
| (3) George Bernard Shaw | (4) R. L. Stevenson |

**Directions :** Question No.46 to 50 : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end.

Education is an instrument which imparts knowledge and therefore controls power. As such, ever since the dawn of civilization persons in power have always tried to supervise or control education. It has been the handmaid of ruling class. During the Christian Era the ecclesiastics controlled the institution of education and diffused among the people the Gospel of the Bible and religious teachings. These Gospels were no other than a philosophy for the maintenance of the existing society. It taught the poor men to be meek and to earn their bread with the sweat of their brow, while the priests and the landlords lived in luxury, fought duels for the slightest offense. During the Renaissance, education passed more from the clutches of the priests into the hands of the prince. In other words, its became more secular. It was also due to the growth of the nation, state and powerful monarchs who united the country under their rule. Thus, under the control of the monarch, education began to devise and preach the infallibility of its master, the monarch or king. It also invented and supported fantastic theories like the Divine Right Theory and that the king can do no wrong.

With the advent of the Industrial Revolution, education took a different turn and had to please the new masters. It now no longer remained the privilege of the baron class but was thrown open to the new rich merchant class of society. Yet education was still confined to the few elite. The philosophy which was in vogue during this period was that of 'Laissez Faire' restricting the function of the state to the mere keeping of law and order while, on the other hand, in practice the law of the jingle prevailed in the form of free competition and survival of the fittest.

- 46.** Why have the persons in power always tried to supervise or control education?
- (1) Because they wanted to educate the whole society
  - (2) Because they wanted to deprive the common man of benefits of education
  - (3) Because it involved a huge expenditure on the state exchequer
  - (4) Because it is an instrument of knowledge and therefore power
- 47.** During the Renaissance, education was controlled by
- (1) the common people
  - (2) the secular leaders of society
  - (3) the Church and the priests
  - (4) the prince
- 48.** After the Industrial Revolution, education was controlled by
- (1) the baron class
  - (2) the prince
  - (3) the priests
  - (4) the rich merchant class
- 49.** The word 'infallibility' means
- (1) every man is open to error
  - (2) some divine power is responsible for determining the fate of man
  - (3) the virtue of not making any mistake
  - (4) sensitivity
- 50.** 'By the sweat of their brow' means
- (1) very hard work
  - (2) the tiny drops of sweat on the brow
  - (3) wrinkles visible on the face
  - (4) sign of innocence

**Directions :** Question No.51 to 55 : In each question below, choose the one that does not belong to the group.

51. (1) Accept                      (2) Admit                      (3) Concur                      (4) None of the above
52. (1) Ail                              (2) Bale                              (3) Care                              (4) Look after
53. (1) Sheep                              (2) Bear                              (3) Pear                              (4) Peak
54. (1) Hawk                              (2) Falcon                              (3) Parrot                              (4) Eagle
55. (1) Knave                              (2) King                              (3) Queen                              (4) Minister

**Directions :** Question No.56 to 60 : What will come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions?

56.  $7855 - 4236 + 388 = ? + 3974$   
 (1) 133                      (2) 73                      (3) 33                      (4) 43
57.  $48\% \text{ of } 525 + ?\% \text{ of } 350 = 399$   
 (1) 42                      (2) 46                      (3) 28                      (4) 26
58.  $\frac{3}{7} \text{ of } \frac{4}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 490 = ?$   
 (1) 115                      (2) 105                      (3) 108                      (4) 116

59.  $12.28 \times 2.5 - 6.5 \times 2.4 = ?$

- (1) 16.4                      (2) 16.2                      (3) 15.6                      (4) 15.1

60.  $18.76 + 222.24 + 3242.15 = ?$

- (1) 3384.15                      (2) 3483.15                      (3) 3283.25                      (4) 3383.2

**Directions :** Question No.61 to 65 : Following are problem-oriented situations, followed by four alternative solutions. Choose the most appropriate solution.

61. You are a senior officer of a reputed company. You notice that the staff working under you is doing the office work in a perfunctory manner. What will you do?

- (1) You will report to the Head Office  
(2) You will tell them about their wrong attitude and ask them sternly to show improvement  
(3) You will start condemning them  
(4) You will suspend one of those officials as an exemplary punishment

62. You are the Head of a unit. Suddenly a lot of urgent additional work is entrusted to you. Your subordinates are disinclined to do more than the usual work. What will you do?

- (1) You will start doing the work yourself even if the subordinates do not join you  
(2) You will explain to the staff the urgency of the work and inspire them to rise to the occasion  
(3) You will say that the work cannot be done  
(4) You will request the Head of another unit to depute some officials to cope with additional work

- 63.** You are a senior officer and you are invited by your junior staff to have refreshment during the lunch hours again and again. You also notice that they want to take a little liberty with you. What will be your attitude?
- (1) You want to show your gentle manliness, so you will always accept the offer
  - (2) You will give some excuse that you will have tea with them after the office hour
  - (3) You will rebuke them harshly for their move
  - (4) You will decline the repeated invitation
- 64.** You are the manager of a departmental store. An enraged customer rushes into your office and pours out an impassioned complaint. You realise that he is in the wrong. What should be your first step in the matter?
- (1) You will be sympathetic towards him and apologise even if he is wrong
  - (2) You will send him to the complaint department saying that you have no authority
  - (3) You will let him know gently that he is wrong and the fault is his and not the store
  - (4) You will not listen to his complaint
- 65.** You are Asstt.-General Manager in a Public Sector Undertaking. Your General Manager gives you a draft copy of his presidential address and asks you to make suggestions, if any. You find some serious flaws in the draft speech. What is the best course open to you?
- (1) Tell your General Manager that the speech is OK
  - (2) Make suggestions frankly and clearly but politely
  - (3) Tell him that you are unable to make any suggestions
  - (4) Keep quiet about it and return the speech

**Directions :** Question No.66 to 70 are based on the following information about an examination :

Candidates appeared	: 10500
Passed in all the five subjects	: 5685
Passed in three subjects only	: 1498
Passed in two subjects only	: 1250
Passed in one subject only	: 835
Failed in English only	: 78
Failed in Mathematics only	: 275
Failed in Physics only	: 149
Failed in Chemistry only	: 147
Failed in Biology only	: 221

66. How many candidates failed in all the subjects?  
(1) 362                      (2) 2867                      (3) 3317                      (4) 4815
67. How many candidates failed because of having failed in four or less subjects?  
(1) 2368                      (2) 3618                      (3) 4453                      (4) 4815
68. How many candidates passed at least in four subjects?  
(1) 870                      (2) 1705                      (3) 5685                      (4) 6555
69. If 167 candidates passed in English only and 2557 failed in English, how many candidates failed even after having passed in English and one or more other subjects?  
(1) 2091                      (2) 2258                      (3) 3508                      (4) 4378
70. If 1002 candidates failed in Mathematics, how many candidates failed because of having failed in Mathematics but not in Mathematics only?  
(1) 695                      (2) 727                      (3) 1002                      (4) 1277

**Directions :** Question No. 71 to 75 : Choose the correct answer.

71. A can do a piece of work in 20 days and B in 30 days. With the help of C they complete the work in 5 days. If Rs 480 are paid as wages, find how much will C get?  
 (1) Rs 280                      (2) Rs 160                      (3) Rs 240                      (4) Rs 100
72. A bag contains 50 paise, 25 paise and 10 paise coins in the ratio of 2 : 3 : 4. If their total value is Rs 430, then the number of coins of 10 paise are  
 (1) 200                      (2) 400                      (3) 600                      (4) 800
73. After travelling 50 km, a train develops a defect and travels with  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the former speed and reaches its destination 35 minutes late. Had the defect occurred 24 km further on, it would have reached its destination 23 minutes late. Find how far was the destination?  
 (1) 120 km                      (2) 70 km                      (3) 80 km                      (4) 200 km
74. In the above question the reduced speed of the train was  
 (1) 40 km/hr                      (2) 30 km/hr                      (3)  $33\frac{1}{2}$  km/hr                      (4) 20 km/hr
75. Sita purchased a radio set for Rs 500 and sold it at 25% loss. For how much did she sell it?  
 (1) Rs 625                      (2) Rs 375                      (3) Rs 125                      (4) Rs 250

**Directions :** Question No. 76 to 78 : Choose a word from among those suggested and complete the analogies.

76. Pure is to chaste as publish is to .....
- (1) acquire                      (2) buy                      (3) classic                      (4) declare



77. Provide is to expend as punish is to .....

- (1) correct                      (2) afflict                      (3) reward                      (4) dilute

78. The draper is to towels as the farmer is to .....

- (1) hats                      (2) board                      (3) bread                      (4) corn

**Directions :** Question No. 79 to 81 : Find out the most common aspect in the following.

79. Mars : Mercury : Venus

- (1) They have no corresponding lucky stone  
(2) They are evil planets  
(3) They have an opposite motion  
(4) They are the nearest planets to the earth

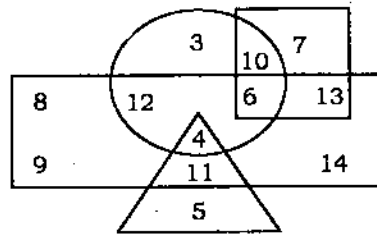
80. Akbar : Gandhi : Ashok

- (1) They were great leaders  
(2) They respected all religious  
(3) They believed in non-violence  
(4) They originally belonged to Gujarat

81. Mandarin : Sinhalese : Tamil

- (1) They are originally Indian languages  
(2) They have originated from Sanskrit  
(3) They are Asian languages  
(4) They have the same type of grammar

**Directions :** Question No. **82** to **87** : The following questions are based on the diagram given below :



- (i) Rectangle represents male
- (ii) Triangle represents educated
- (iii) Circle represents urban
- (iv) Square represents civil servants

**82.** Who among the following is an educated male who is not an urban resident?

- (1) 4                      (2) 5                      (3) 9                      (4) 11

**83.** Who among the following is neither a civil servant nor educated but is urban and not a male?

- (1) 2                      (2) 3                      (3) 6                      (4) 10

**84.** Who among the following is a female, urban resident and also a civil servant?

- (1) 6                      (2) 7                      (3) 10                      (4) 13

**85.** Who among the following is an educated male who hails from urban area?

- (1) 4                      (2) 2                      (3) 11                      (4) 5

**86.** Who among the following is uneducated and also an urban male?

- (1) 2                      (2) 3                      (3) 11                      (4) 12

**87.** Who among the following is only a civil servant but not a male nor urban-oriented and uneducated?

- (1) 7                      (2) 8                      (3) 9                      (4) 14

**Directions :** Question No. **88** to **92** : Given below is the record of marks obtained by *A, B, C* and *D* in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Answer the following questions on the basis of the given chart.

Students	Subjects					
	Physics		Chemistry		Biology	
	Practical	Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	Theory
	(60)	(40)	(60)	(40)	(60)	(40)
<i>A</i>	42	24	52	32	51	22
<i>B</i>	47	21	49	29	48	32
<i>C</i>	49	31	44	23	45	23
<i>D</i>	53	18	52	29	43	32

**88.** Who has scored the highest marks?

- (1) *A*                      (2) *B*                      (3) *C*                      (4) *D*

**89.** Which candidate has secured the lowest marks in Practicals?

- (1) *A*                      (2) *B*                      (3) *C*                      (4) *D*

90. What is the approximate percentage of  $B$  ?

- (1) 75.3                      (2) 73.9                      (3) 76.4                      (4) 73.6

91. What is the percentage of  $A$  in Theory?

- (1) 65                          (2) 63.5                          (3) 67.4                          (4) 66.2

92. Percentage of  $C$  is approximately how much more/less than the percentage of  $A$  ?

- (1) 8.1 more                  (2) 2.7 less                  (3) 2.1 more                  (4) 3.9 less

**Directions :** Question No.93 to 95 : Answer the following questions.

93. In an examination 90% students pass in English, 86% pass in Mathematics and 8% fail in both. What percent of students pass in both?

- (1) 84                          (2) 68                          (3) 76                          (4) 80

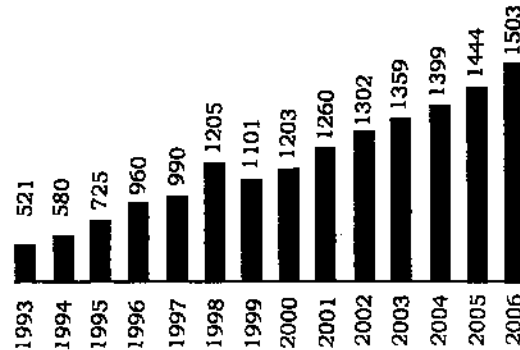
94. A man sold his watch at a loss of 5% ; had he sold it for Rs 56.25 more, he would have gained 10%. What is the cost of the watch?

- (1) Rs 300                      (2) Rs 325                      (3) Rs 350                      (4) Rs 375

95. A man covered a distance of 100 km partly by bus at 40 km/hr and partly by scooter at 30 km/hr. His average speed for the whole journey was 32 km/hr. How far did he go by bus?

- (1) 20 km                      (2) 25 km                      (3) 30 km                      (4) 40 km

**Directions :** Question No.96 to 100 : Following questions are based on the bar chart given below that contains information about the sale of consumer packs of 'Pam Usha' in a city from 1993 to 2006. Use the information to answer the following questions :



96. By what percent sales increased in 1996 over the previous year?  
 (1) 11.3                      (2) 12.1                      (3) 12.5                      (4) 11.9
97. By what percent sales increased in the two-year period 1993–1994 over the two-year period 1991–1992 and by what percent in the two-year period immediately thereafter?  
 (1) 5, 10                      (2) 10, 15                      (3) 11, 16                      (4) None of the above
98. What was the percentage sales during the first 7-year period (out of 14 years) of the sales during the second 7-year period?  
 (1)  $60\frac{1}{4}$                       (2)  $57\frac{1}{2}$                       (3) 55.6                      (4) None of the above
99. If the price per pack in the year 1993 was 95% of the price in 1994 and 90% of the price in the year 1995, by what percent total earnings in 1995 were higher than the total in 1994 and by what percent total earnings in 1994 were higher than the same in 1993 ?  
 (1) 31, 18                      (2) 30, 14                      (3) 32, 17                      (4) None of the above
100. If the price per pack in the year 2006 was  $\frac{37}{11}$  of the price in 1993 and the price in the year 2000 was  $\frac{13}{20}$  of the price in 2006, by what percent the price in 2000 was higher than the price in 1993 ?  
 (1) 103.75                      (2) 109.5                      (3) 118.66                      (4) 111.1

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## अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली या काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 10 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा, केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
4. अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
6. ओ० एम० आर० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं० और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र सं० की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमति नहीं है।
7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
11. रफ़ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।